Let y(x) be the solution of the differential

 $(x \log x) \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + y = 2x \log x, (x \ge 1).$

Then y(e) is equal to:

(4) 0

 $(x \log x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2x \ln x$

DOPREP

 $\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x \log x} = 2 - - - (i)$

I. F. = $e^{\int x \log n} = e^{\int \log (\log n)} = \log x$

i. The solution of (1) is

 $y(\log x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2\log x \, dx$

=> y(log n) = 2x lnx -2x + C --- (2)

We have (x log x) dy +y= 2x log x, then we

get that, When x=1; y=0 Replacing this condition in (2)

are get

: Solution is

y (log x) = 2x lnx-2x+2

Jor x = e, we get

Question 47 Page 1

y=2e-2e+2=2Covered option is (1)